

**IRSN**

INSTITUT  
DE RADIOPROTECTION  
ET DE SÛRETÉ NUCLÉAIRE

*Faire avancer la sûreté nucléaire*

# Evaluation for $^{16}\text{O}$ from Thermal to 6 MeV

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**IRSN**  
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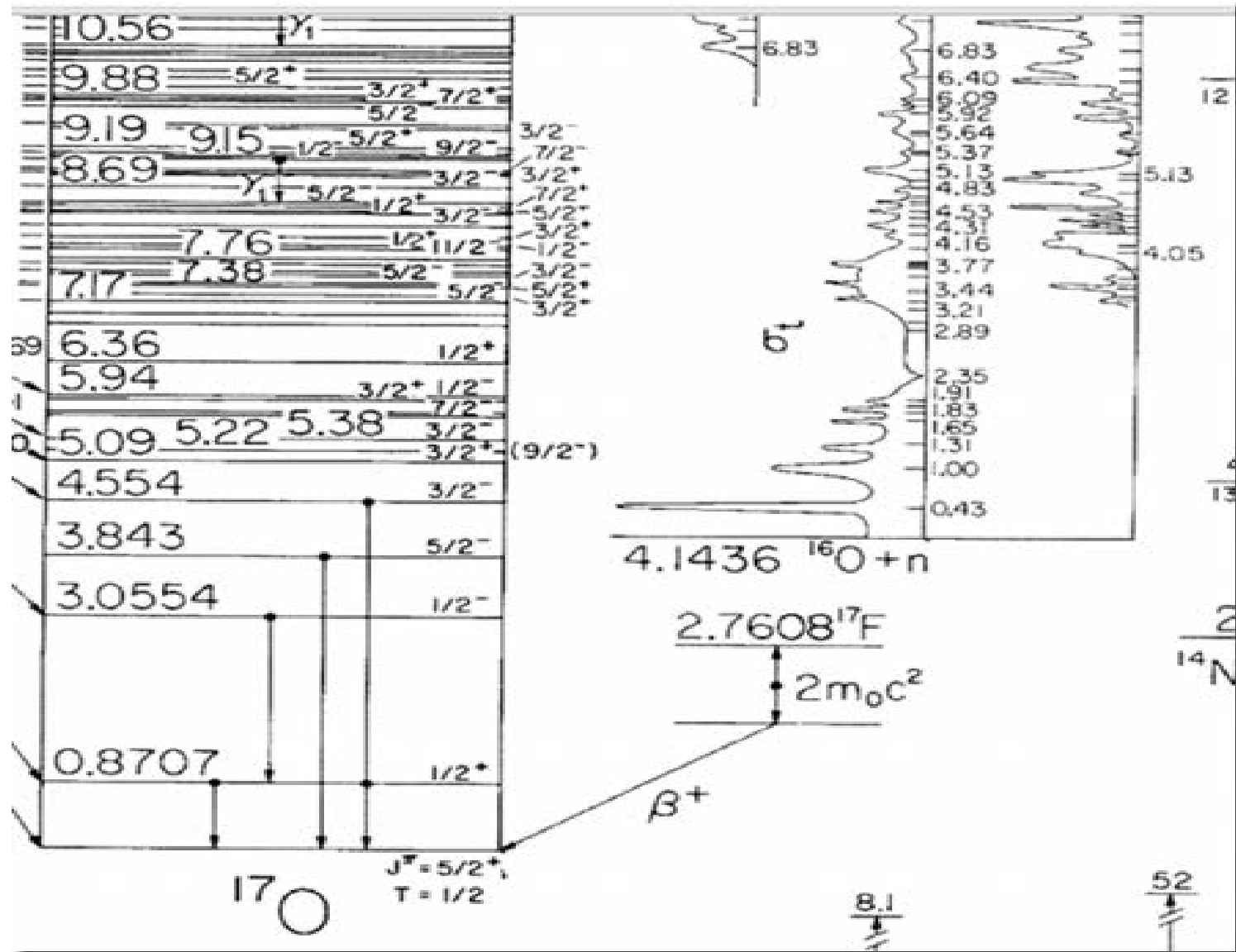
# Outline

- SAMMY code and the ENDF LRF=7 option for resonance parameter representation;
- Experimental data base;
- $(n, \text{total})$ ,  $(n, n)$ ,  $(n, \gamma)$ , scattering,  $(n, \alpha)$ , angular distributions are calculated from resonance parameters;
- Resonance parameter covariance description;
- Updated thermal scattering cross section according to suggested value of 3.765 b at 0K;
- Experimental  $(n, \alpha)$  cross section can differ by as much as 30 %;
- Concluding Remarks;

# Tool For Data Evaluation: Computer Code SAMMY Used for Resonance Evaluation

- Used for analysis of neutron, charged-particle cross-section data.
- Uses Bayes' method (generalized least squares) to find parameter values.
- Uses R-matrix theory, R-matrix limited or Reich-Moore approximation (default) or multi- or single-level Breit-Wigner theory.
- Generates covariance and sensitivity parameters for resonance region (generalized least squares).

# Bound Energy Levels for $^{16}\text{O}$



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$S^*$  - separation energy

$E^*$  - compound nucleus energy

COM to Lab conversion –  $(A + 1) / A$

$E$  – resonance energy for  $^{16}\text{O} + n$

$$E = \{(A + 1) / A\} * \{E^* - S^*\}$$

$$S^* = 4.1436 \text{ MeV}$$

$$A = 16$$

a) For  $E^* = 0.8707 \text{ MeV}$

$$E = \{17/16\} * \{0.8707 - 4.1436\}$$

$$E = \mathbf{-3.47746 \text{ MeV}}$$

b) For  $E^* = 3.0554 \text{ MeV}$

$$E = \{17/16\} * \{3.0554 - 4.1436\}$$

$$E = \mathbf{-1.1562 \text{ MeV}}$$

c) For  $E^* = 3.843 \text{ MeV}$

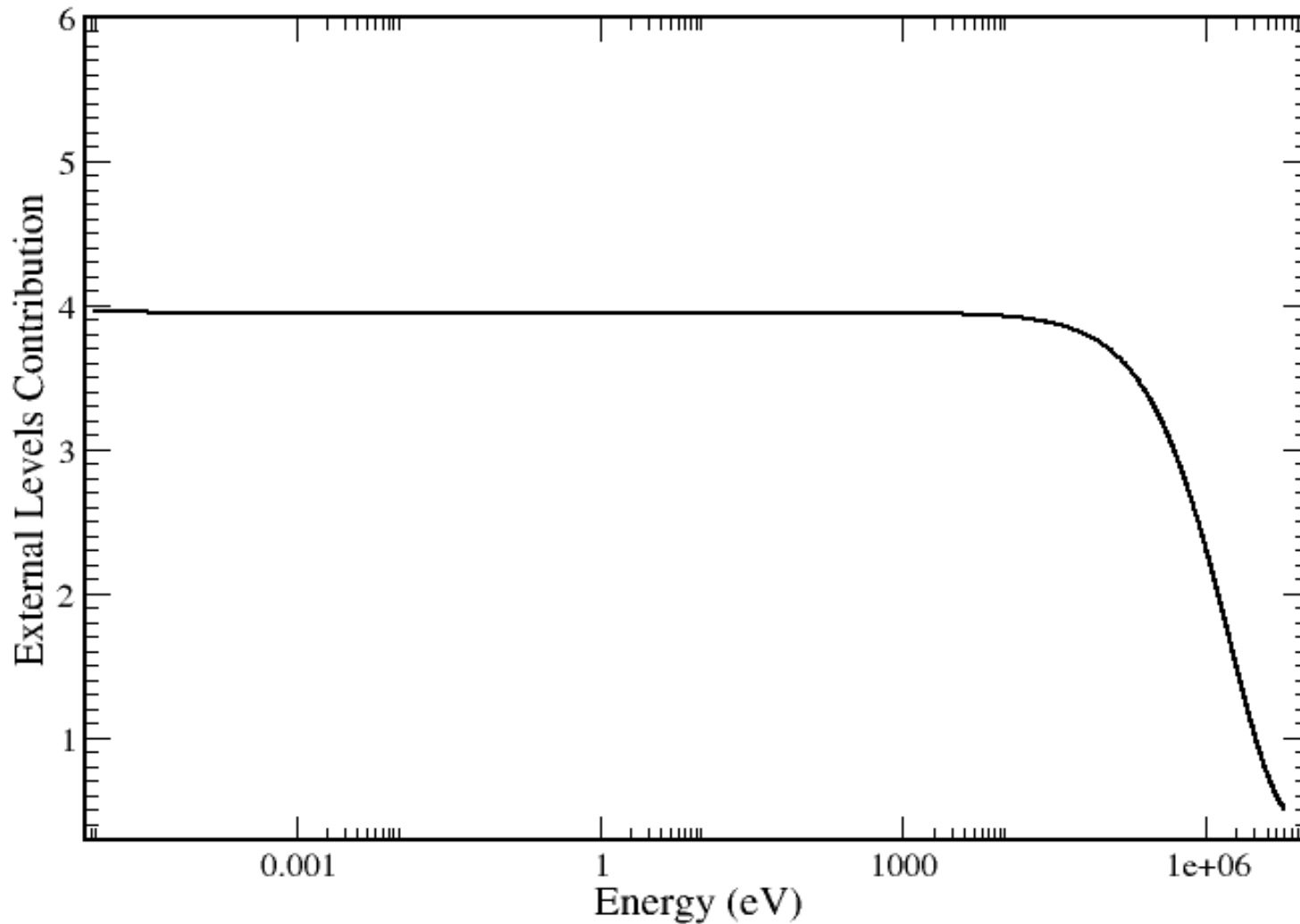
$$E = \{17/16\} * \{3.843 - 4.1436\}$$

$$E = \mathbf{-0.3194 \text{ MeV}}$$

# SAMMY resonance parameters: Negative Energy Levels

$E_r$	$\Gamma_\gamma$	$\Gamma_n$	$\Gamma_p$	Spin Group
-3477456.00	184.305000	3923179.+3	0.0000	0 0 0 0 1
-1157275.00	261.434100	13305730.0	0.0000	0 0 0 0 3
-319387.500	297.301600	92559.3200	0.0000	0 0 0 0 6
434103.9867	2700.00000	44216370.0	0.0000	0 0 0 0 3
999687.6127	250.000000	95884120.0	0.0000	0 0 0 0 4

# Bound Energy Levels for $^{16}\text{O}$



# Experimental data Base

Experimental Data	Flight-Path (meters)	Energy Range (MeV)	Data Reference	Year
Capture Cross Section	-	Thermal	Firestone	2015
Coherent Scattering Length	-	-	Sears	1992
Total Cross Section	79.46	2.0 - 6.3	ORELA (Larson)	1980
Total Cross Section	249.75	2.0 - 6.3	RPI (Danon) [14]	2015
Total Cross Section	41.0 and 47.0	0.6 - 4.3	ORNL Van de Graaff (Fowler, Johnson, and Feezel)	1973
Total Cross Section	189.25	3.14 - 6.3	KFK cyclotron (Cierjacks)	1980
(n,alpha) extracted from (alpha,n)	-	3.2 - 6.3	ORNL Van de Graaff (Bair and Hass)	1973
(n,alpha) extracted from (alpha,n)	-	3.0 - 6.3	Tandem Accelerator Universtät Bochum (Harissopulos)	2005

## Thermal Cross Section

Coherent Scattering Length includes potential and resonance parts defined as

$$a_{coh} = a_{pot} + a_{res} \quad \text{where}$$

$$a_{pot} = \lim_{E \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sigma_s}{4\pi} \right)^{1/2} \quad \text{For } T = 0 \text{ K}$$

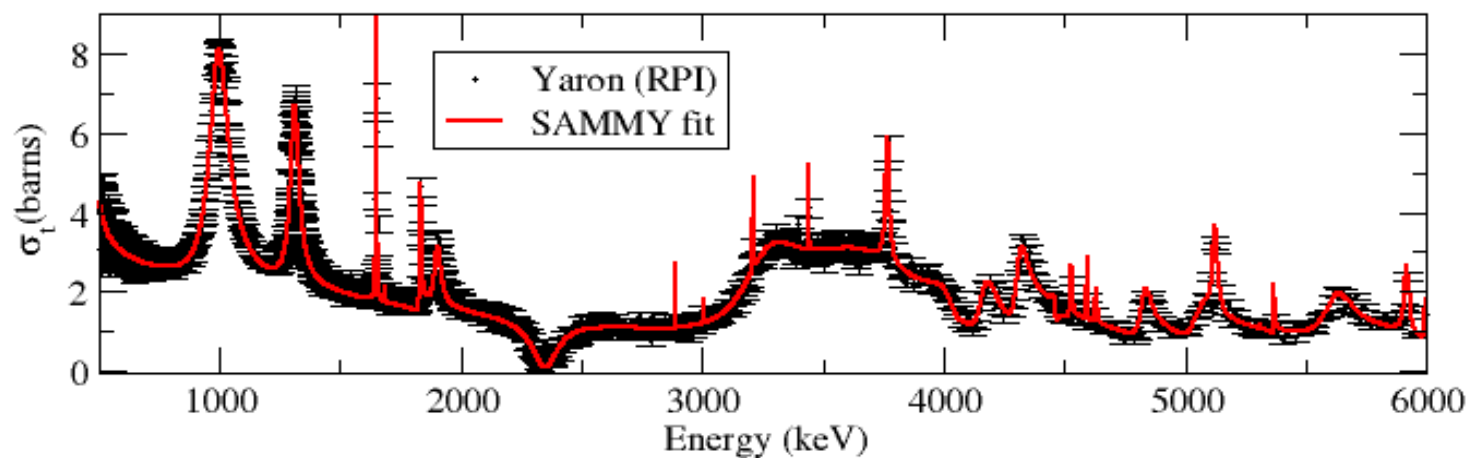
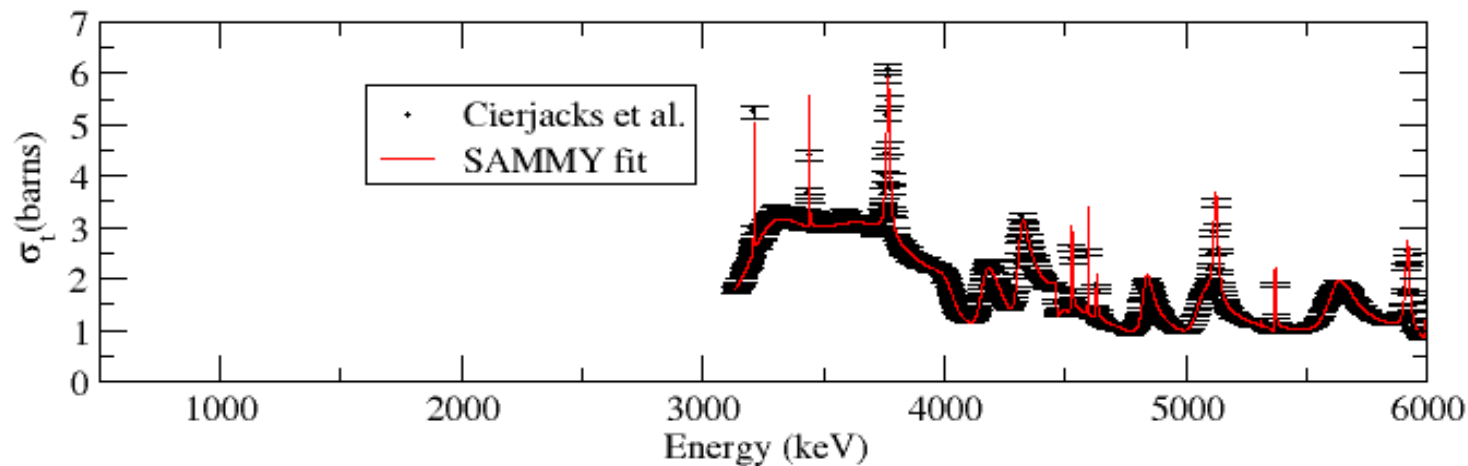
For s-wave based on the SLBW formalism

$$a_{res} = \sum_r \frac{\Gamma_n^r}{2k_r \left[ (E - E_r) + \frac{i\Gamma}{2} \right]}$$

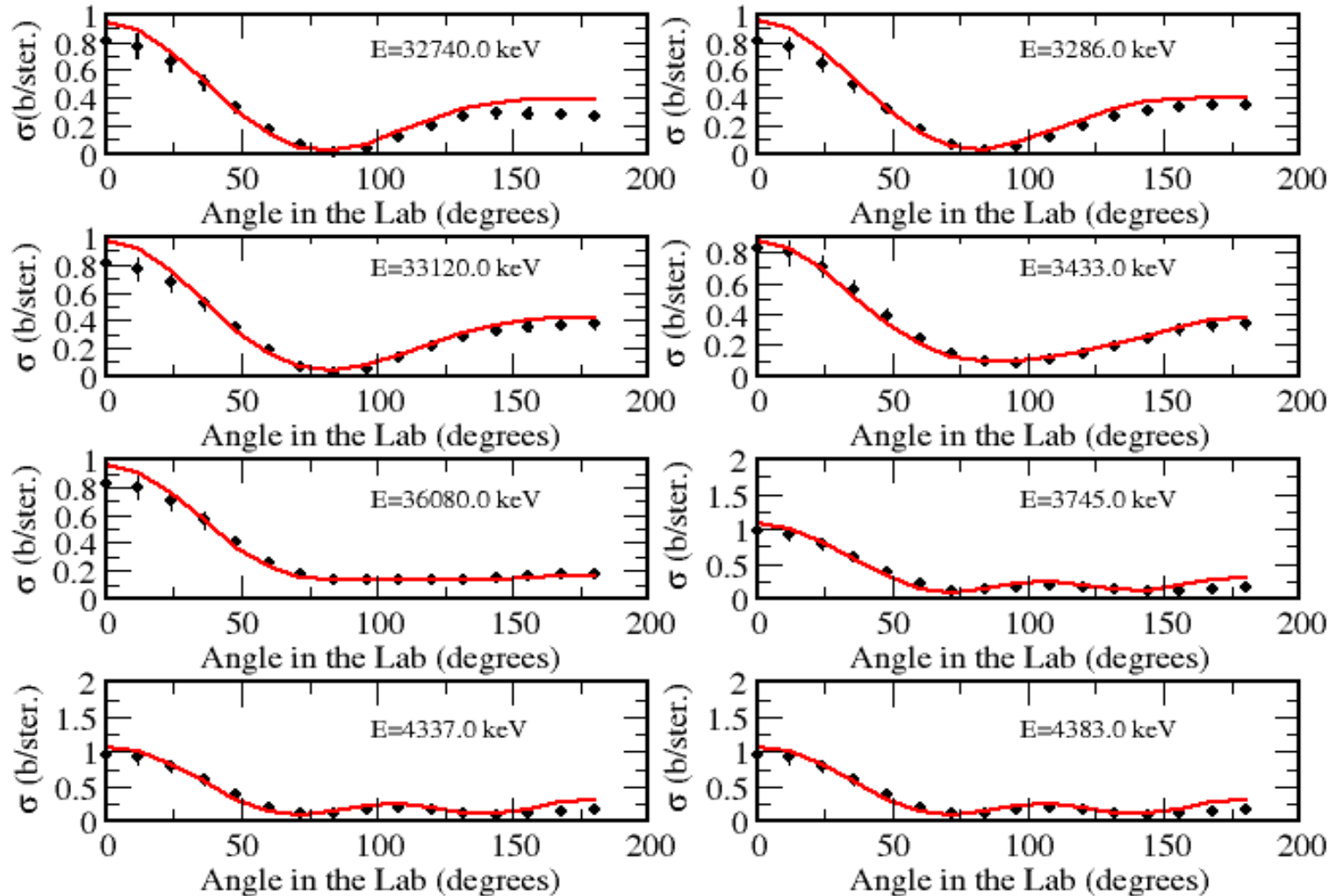
## Results calculated with NJOY

Quantity	IRSN1 (barns) (T=0K)	IRSN1 (barns) (T=293.6K)	Mughabghab (barns)
$\sigma_t$	3.7654	3.8841	
$\sigma_\gamma$	$1.7153 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.6701 \times 10^{-4}$	$(1.9 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-4}$
$\sigma_s$	3.7652	3.8839	$3.761 \pm 0.006$
R'	4.15 fm		$4.8 \pm 0.1$ fm
$a_{coh}$	5.805 fm		$5.805 \pm 0.005$ fm
$I_\gamma$	-	$3.0925 \times 10^{-4}$	$(2.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-4}$

# Total cross section measurements. SAMMY comparison including resolution effects

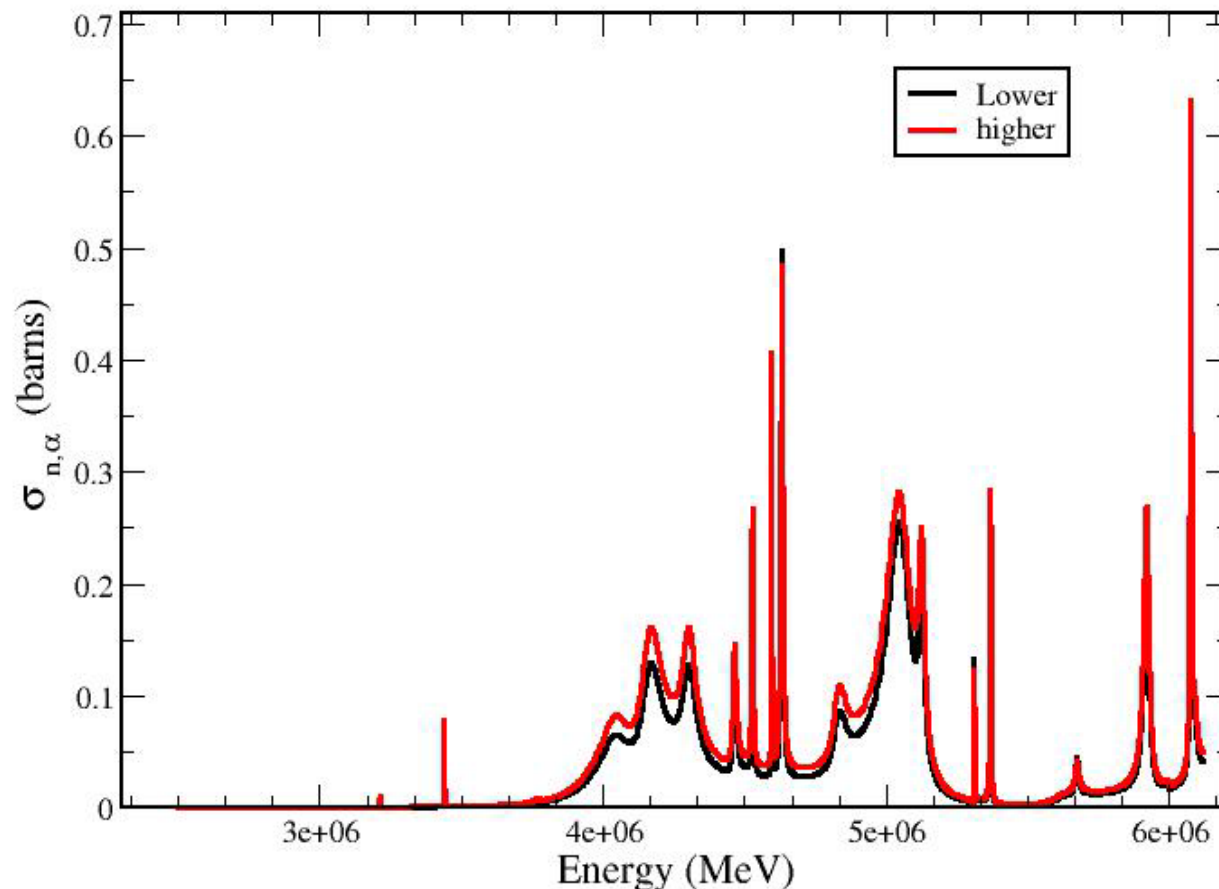


# SAMMY fits for the $^{16}\text{O}$ differential elastic cross section of Lister and Sayers

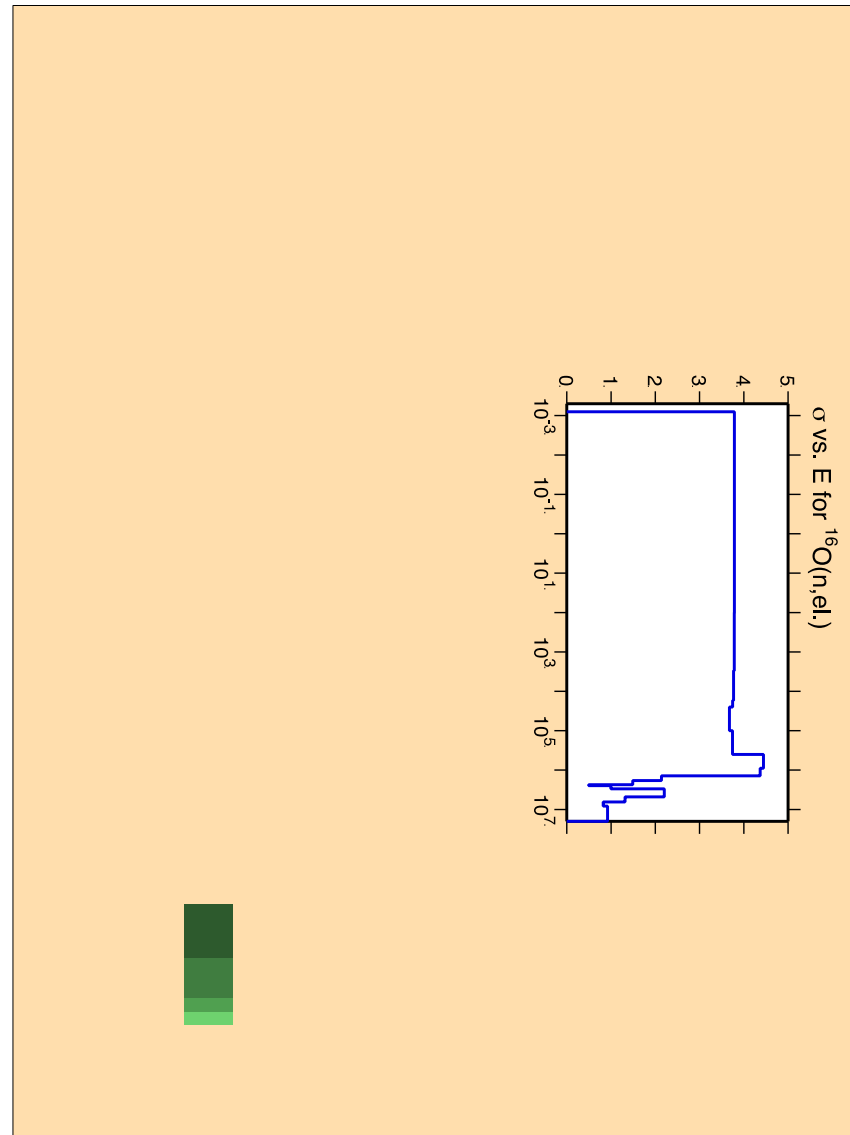


# Issues with the experimental $(n, \alpha)$ cross-section

$^{16}\text{O}(n, \alpha)$  data (Giorginis, et al., IRMM) and  $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha, n)$  data (Harissopulos, et al.) give about 30% lower  $^{16}\text{O}(n, \alpha)$  cross section values than the Bair-Haas



# RRP Covariance for the Scattering Cross Section



## Impact on Benchmark Results

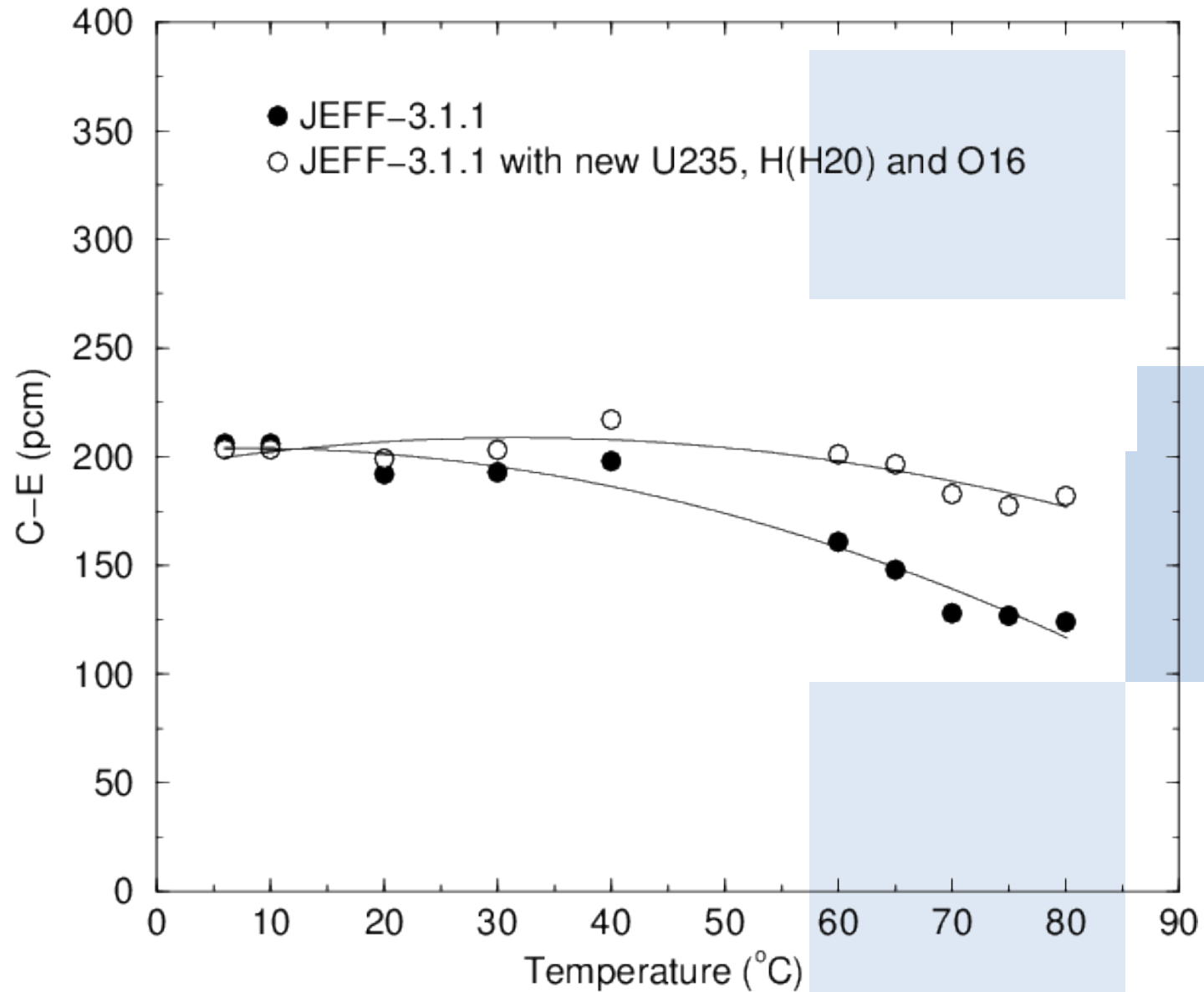
Three low-enriched  $^{235}\text{U}$  and heavy-water moderated benchmark systems:

- Two from the ICSBEP: LEU-MET-THERM-015 cases 15 and 16
- One from the IRPhE: ZED-2

	A	B	C
Benchmark	ENDF/B-VII.1	LOW	HIGH
LEU-MET-THERM-015-15	$1.00533 \pm 0.00052$	$1.00351 \pm 0.00050$	$1.00311 \pm 0.00052$
LEU-MET-THERM-015-16	$1.00549 \pm 0.00052$	$1.00344 \pm 0.00052$	$1.00242 \pm 0.00052$
ZED-2	$0.99866 \pm 0.00018$	$0.99833 \pm 0.00019$	$0.99772 \pm 0.00019$

\* Calculations performed with MCNP

# Doppler Reactivity Coefficient



## Concluding Remarks

- ✓ Good fit of experimental total cross section and angular data obtained with the SAMMY code;
- ✓ New updated thermal scattering cross-section value lowers  $k_{eff}$  of about  $\sim 200$  pcm;
- ✓ Benchmark results seem to favor higher value of the (n, $\alpha$ ) cross section;
- ✓ Covariance data reproduces reasonably well the experimental data uncertainty;

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# Evaluation of $^{56}\text{Fe}$ from Thermal to 2 MeV

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# $^{56}\text{Fe}$ Evaluation Features

- ❑ New high resolution transmission measurements done at the RPI extending the resonance region up to 5 MeV;
- ❑ New inelastic cross-section measurements done at IRMM/GELINA;
- ❑ New RPI angular scattering data (presented in this meeting);
- ❑ Use the SAMMY/RML feature to include inelastic channel in the R-matrix analysis and evaluation;
- ❑ Elastic and Inelastic angular data derived from resonance parameters

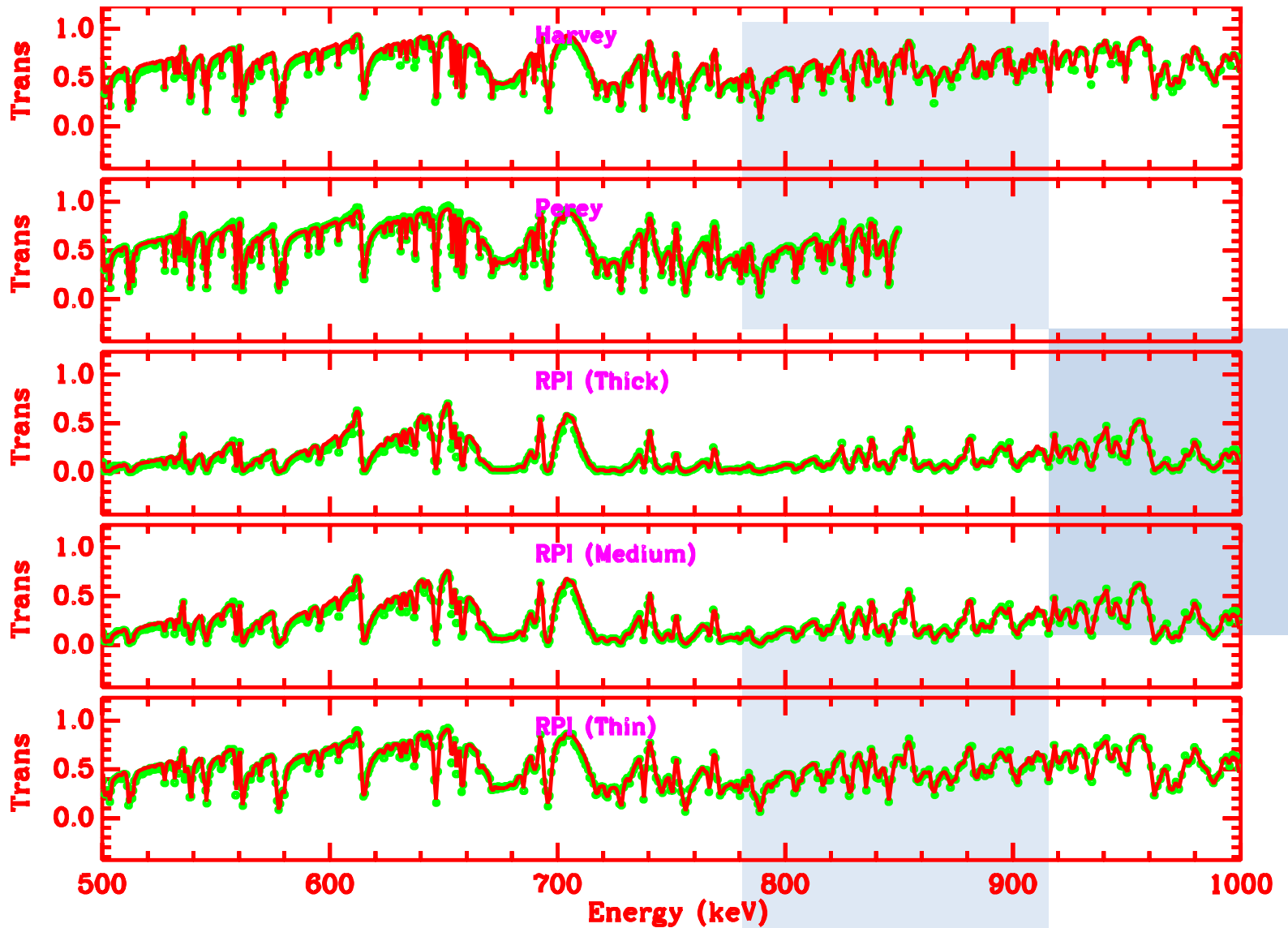
# Experimental Data

Reference	Energy Range	Facility	TOF (meters)	Measurement
Harvey (1987)	20 keV – 2 MeV	ORELA	201.575	Transmission
Perey (1990)	120 keV – 850 keV	ORELA	201.575	Transmission
Danon, Rapp et al. (2012) (three thicknesses)	500 keV – 2 MeV	RPI	249.740	Transmission
Danon et al. (2016) (enriched and natural)	100 keV – 2 MeV	RPI	45.277	Capture
Danon, Daskalakis et al. (2012)	500 keV – 2 MeV	RPI	30.07	Scattering (presentation in the workshop)
Perey (1990)	850 keV – 1.5 MeV	ORELA	201.575	Inelastic
Plompen (2011)	850 keV – 2 MeV	GELINA	198.686	Inelastic
Spencer (1994) ) (two thicknesses)	10 eV – 650 KeV	ORELA	40.0	Capture

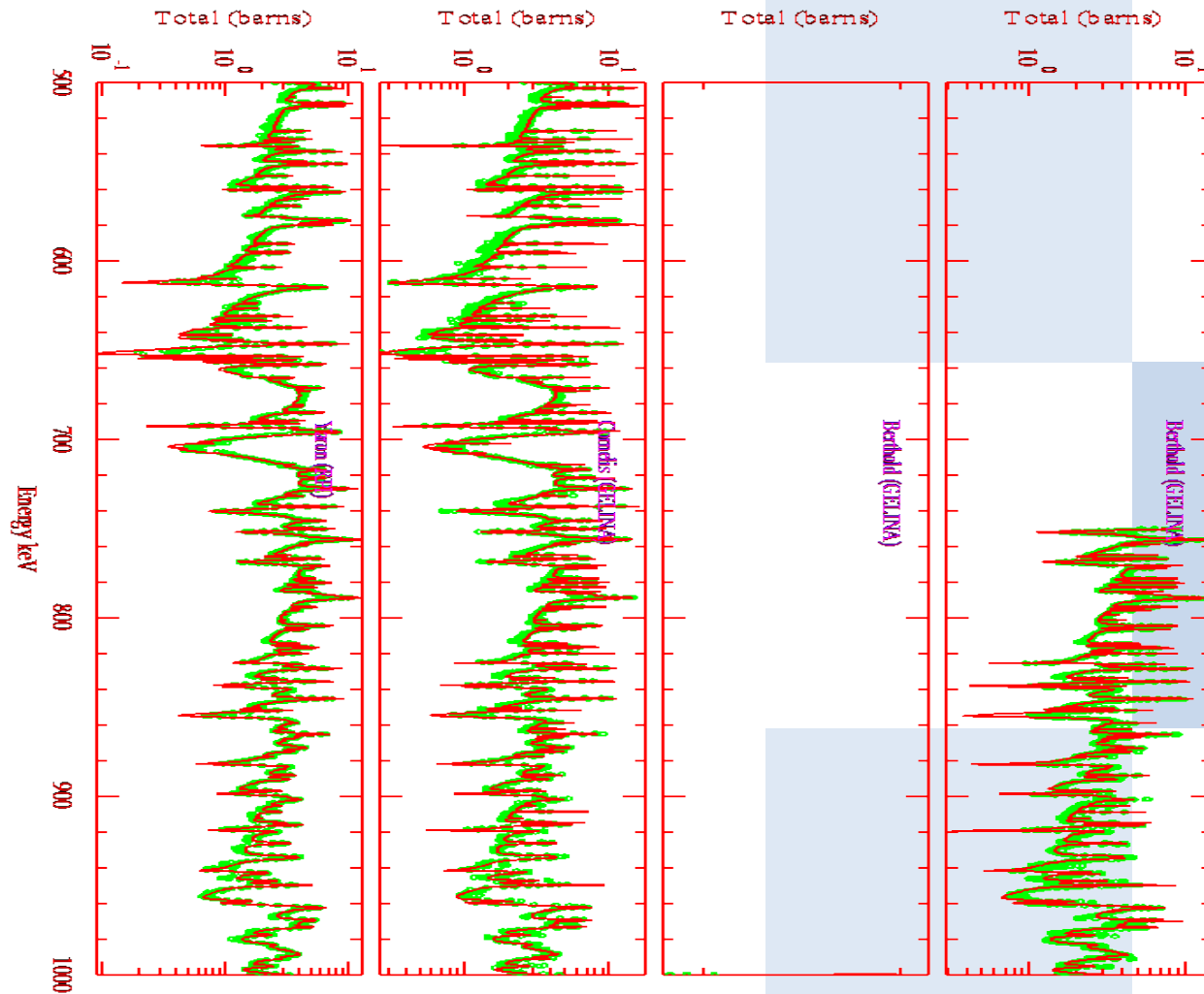
# Experimental Data

Reference	Energy Range	Facility	TOF (meters)	Measurement
Bertold et al (natural) (1994)	700 keV – 2 MeV	GELINA	387.739	Total
Cornelis et al (enriched) (1982)	200 keV – 2 MeV	GELINA	387.713	Total

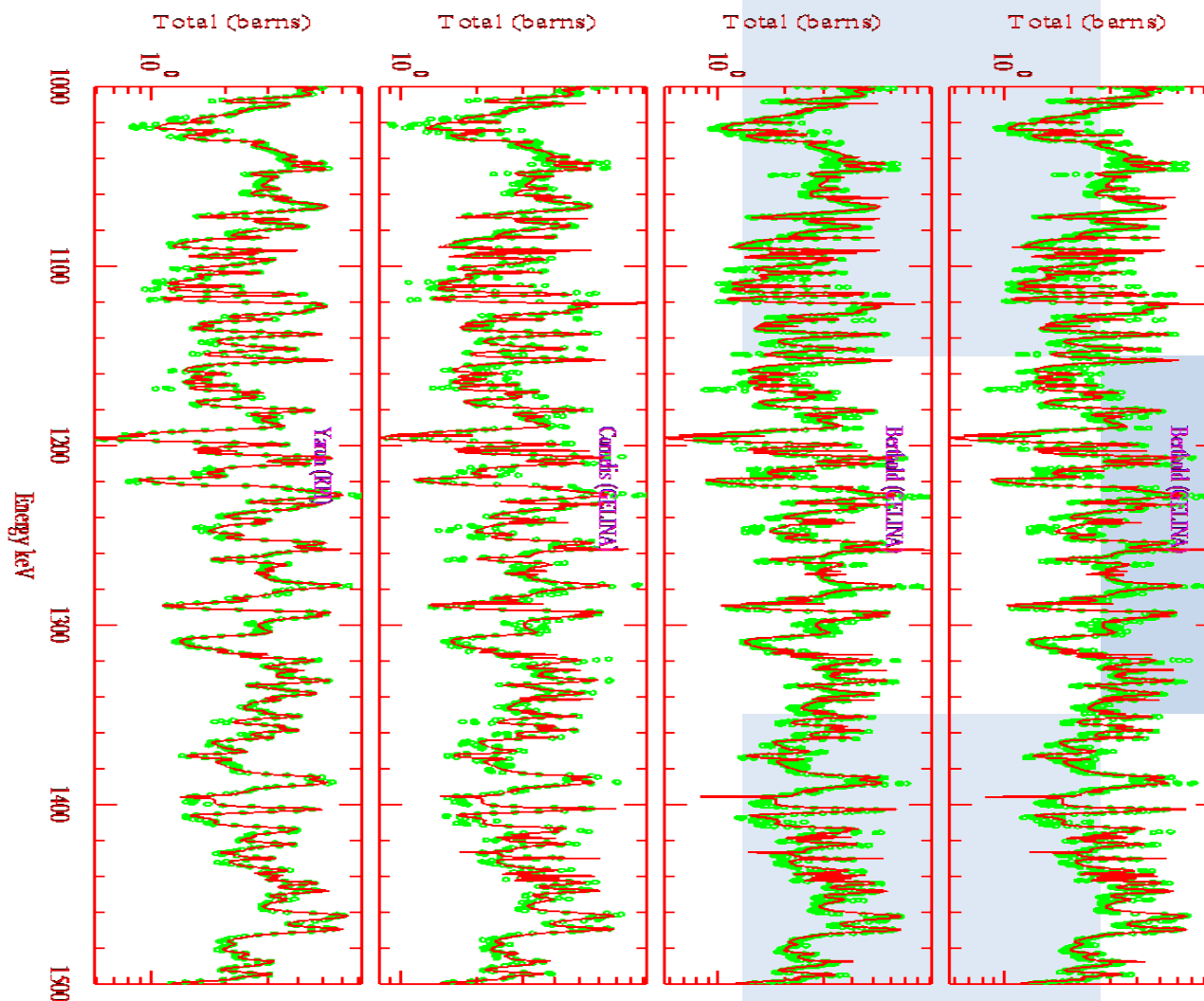
# Comparison of SAMMY Fits to the Data



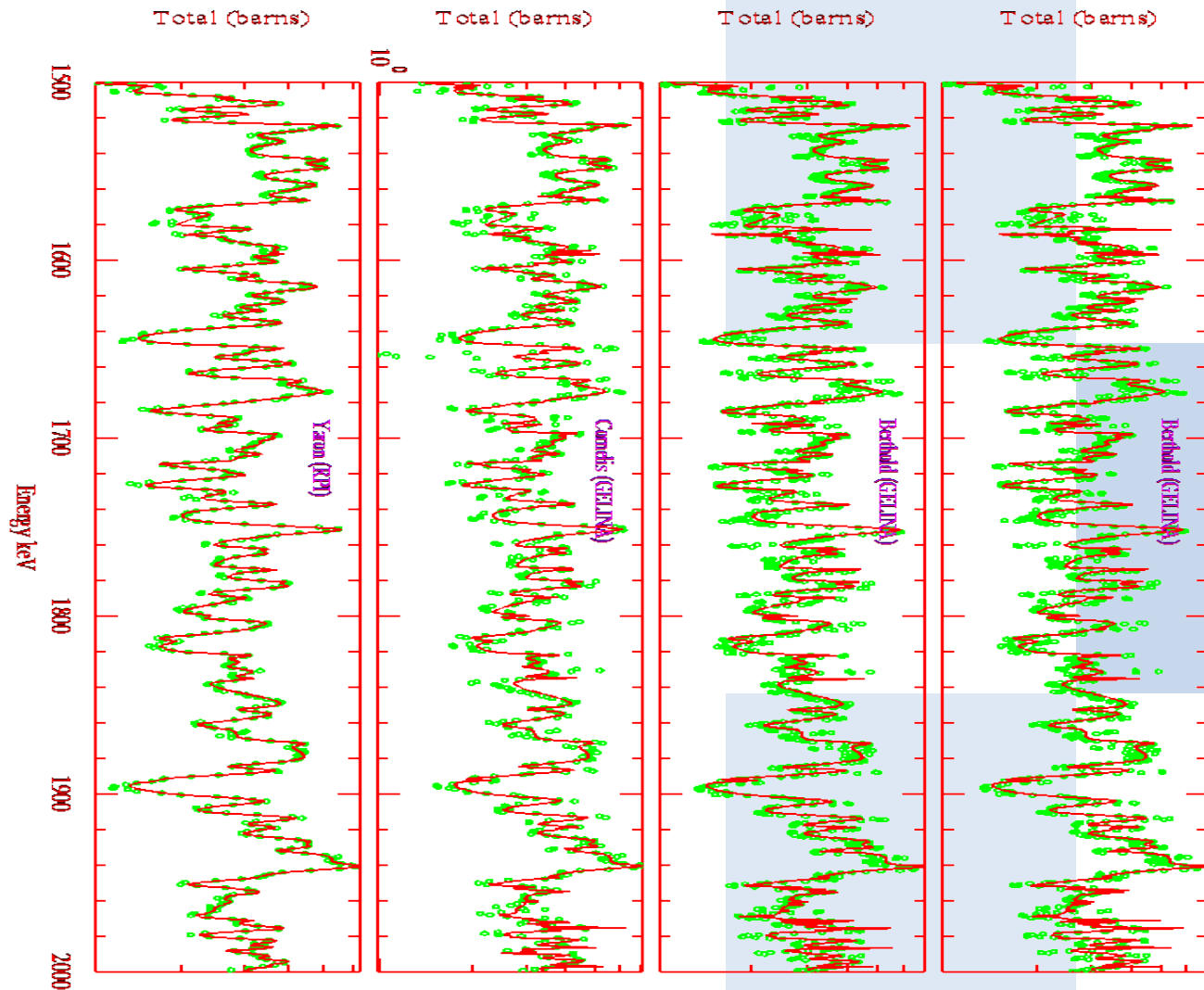
# Comparison of SAMMY Fits to the Data



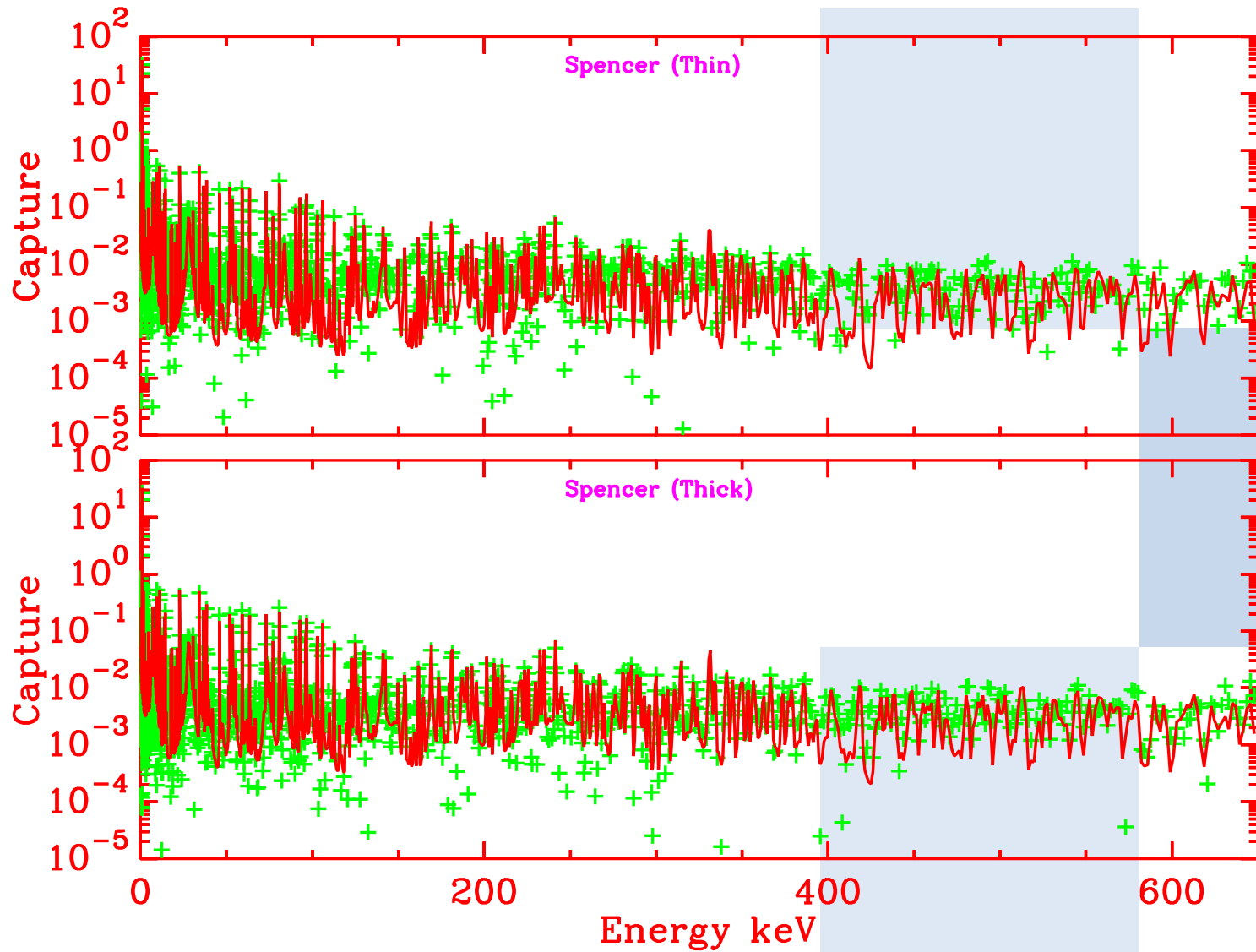
# Comparison of SAMMY Fits to the Data



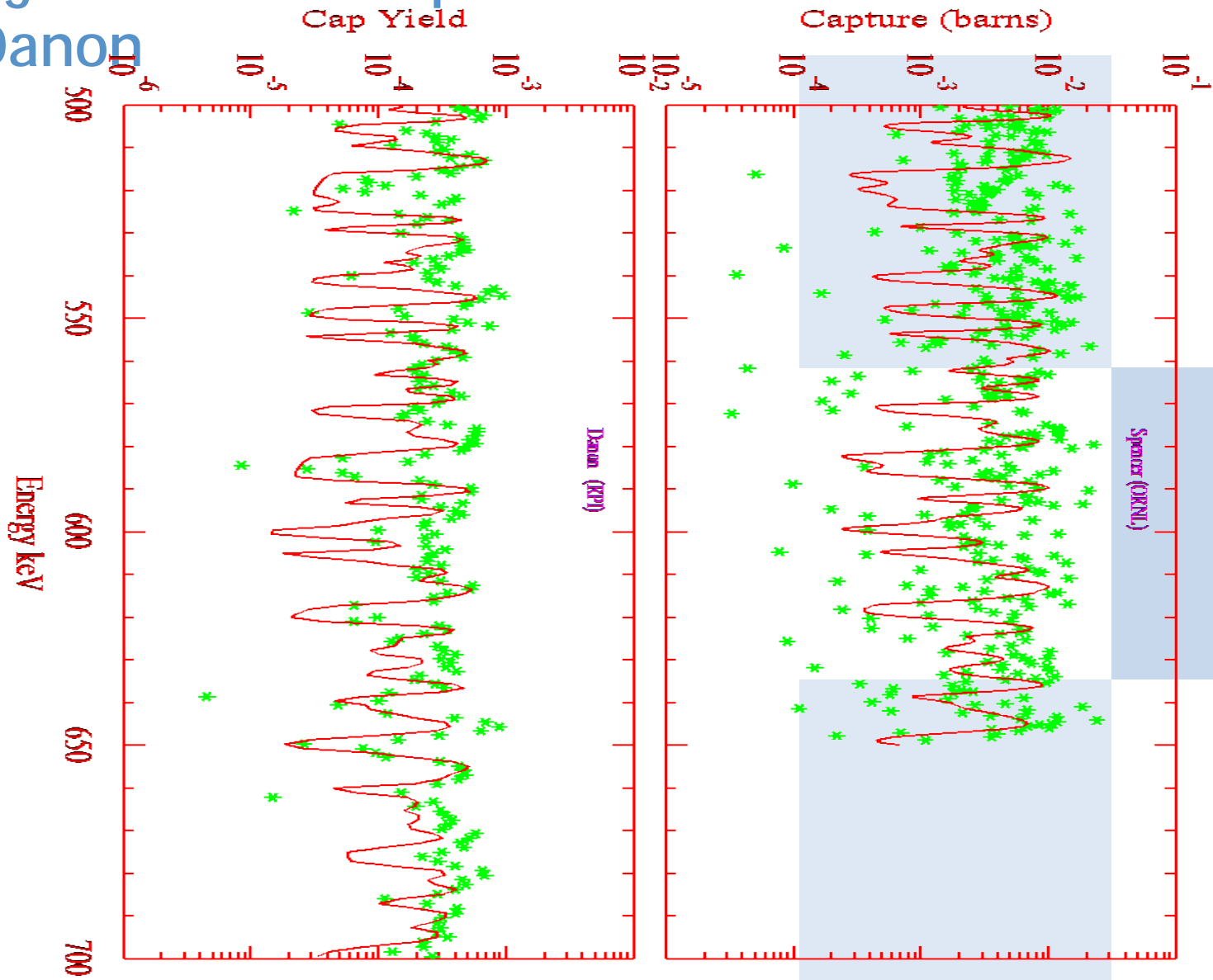
# Comparison of SAMMY Fits to the Data



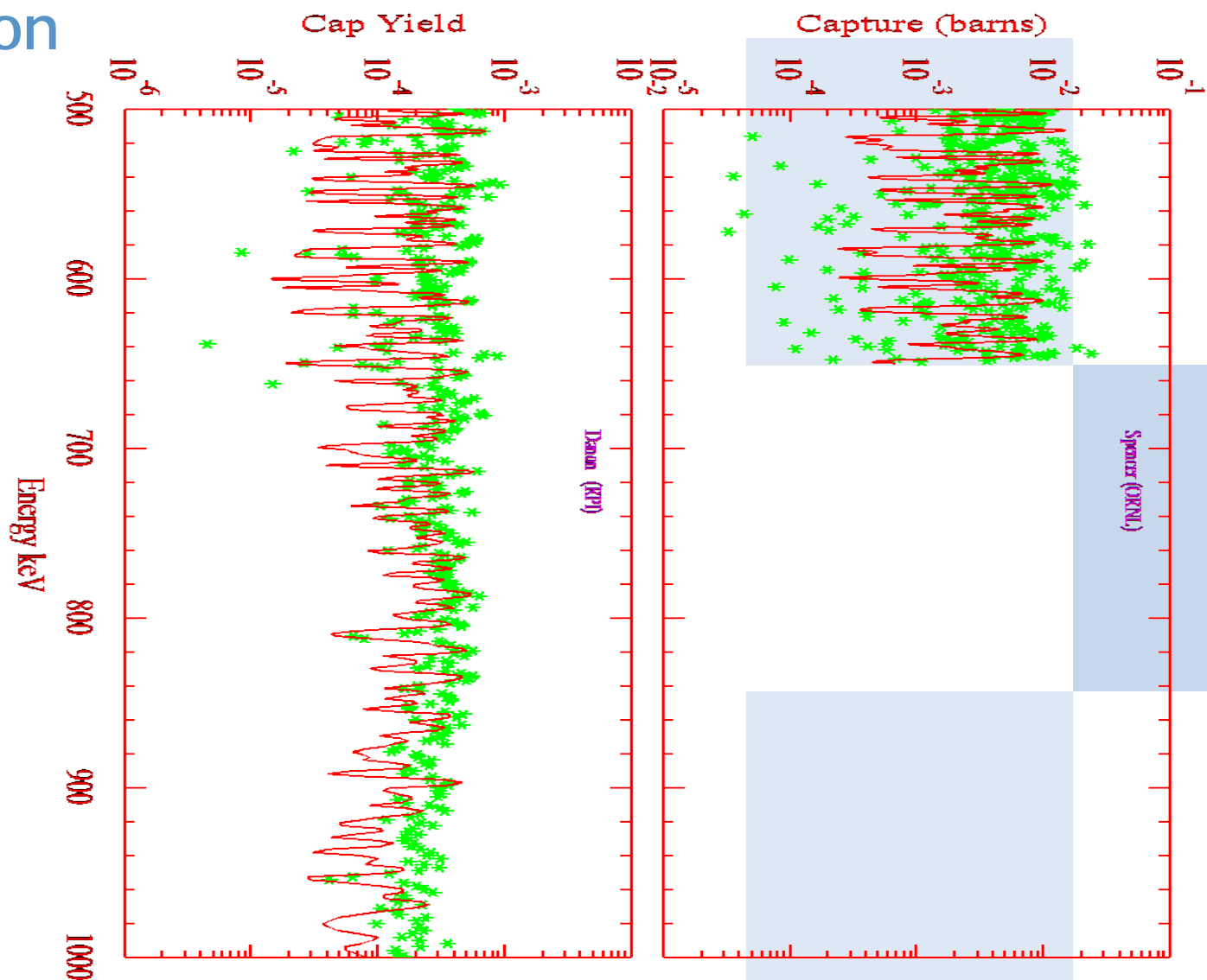
# Fitting of the $^{56}\text{Fe}$ capture cross-section data of Spencer



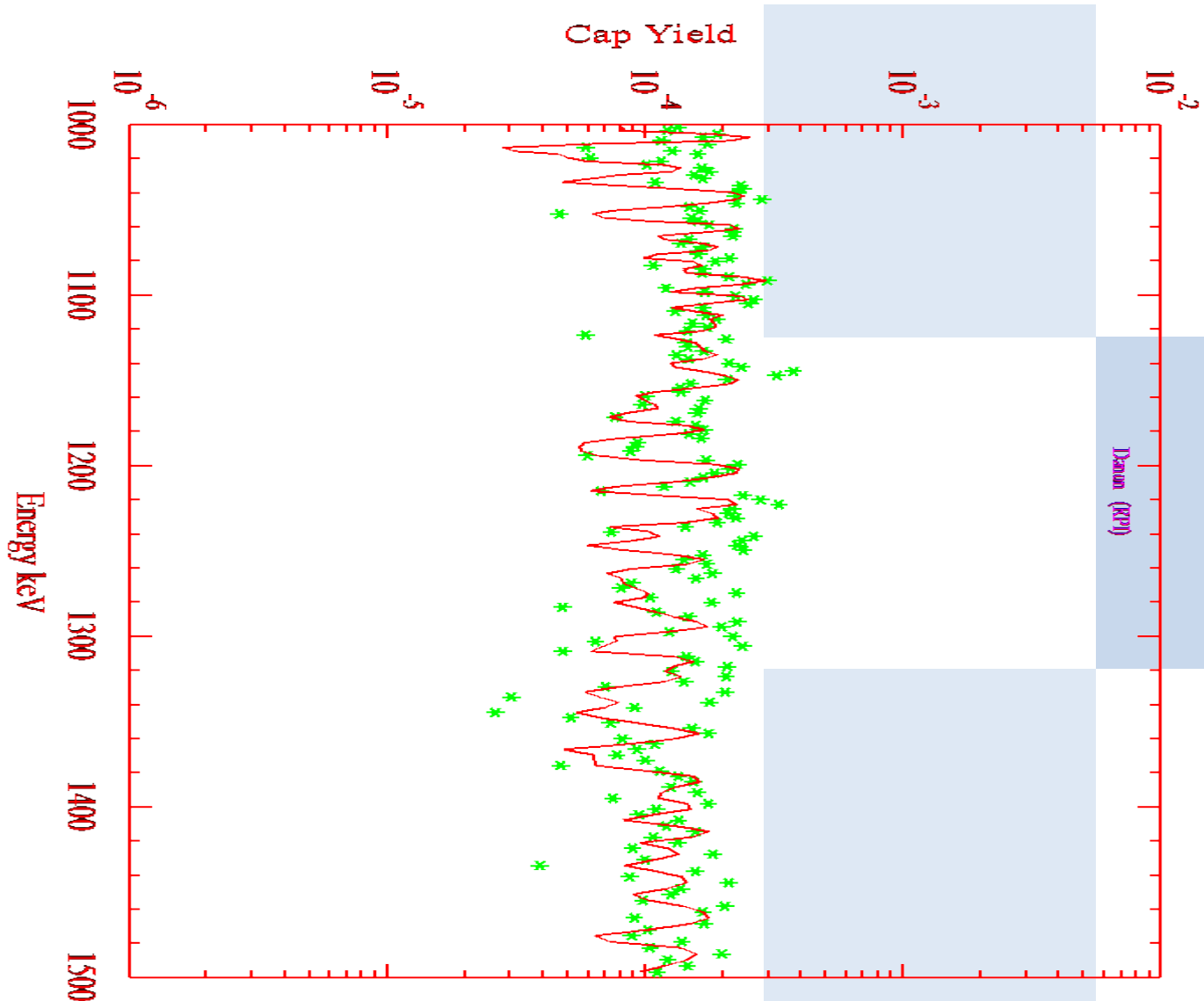
# Fitting of the $^{56}\text{Fe}$ capture cross-section data of Spencer and Danon



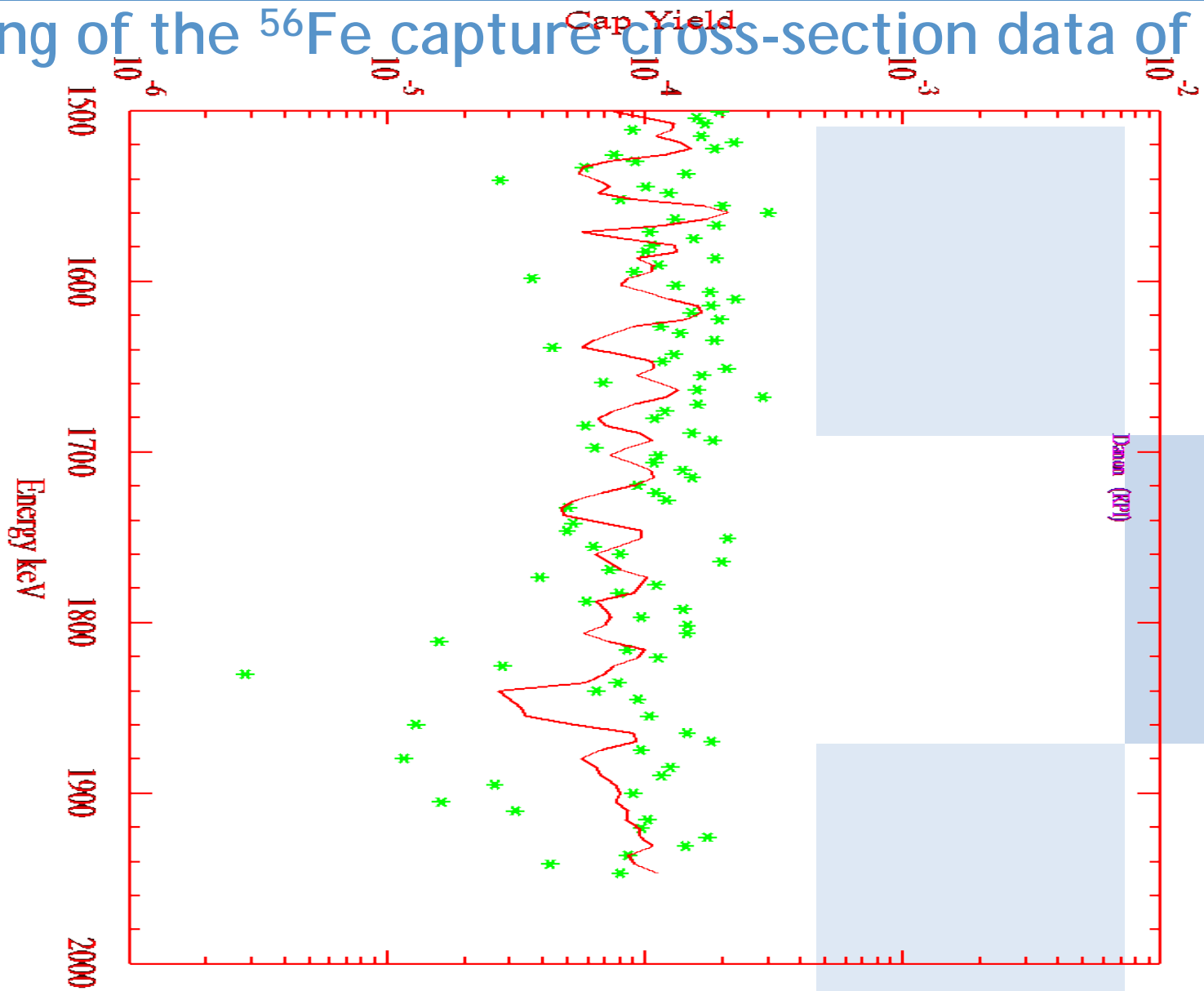
# Fitting of the $^{56}\text{Fe}$ capture cross-section data of Spencer and Danon



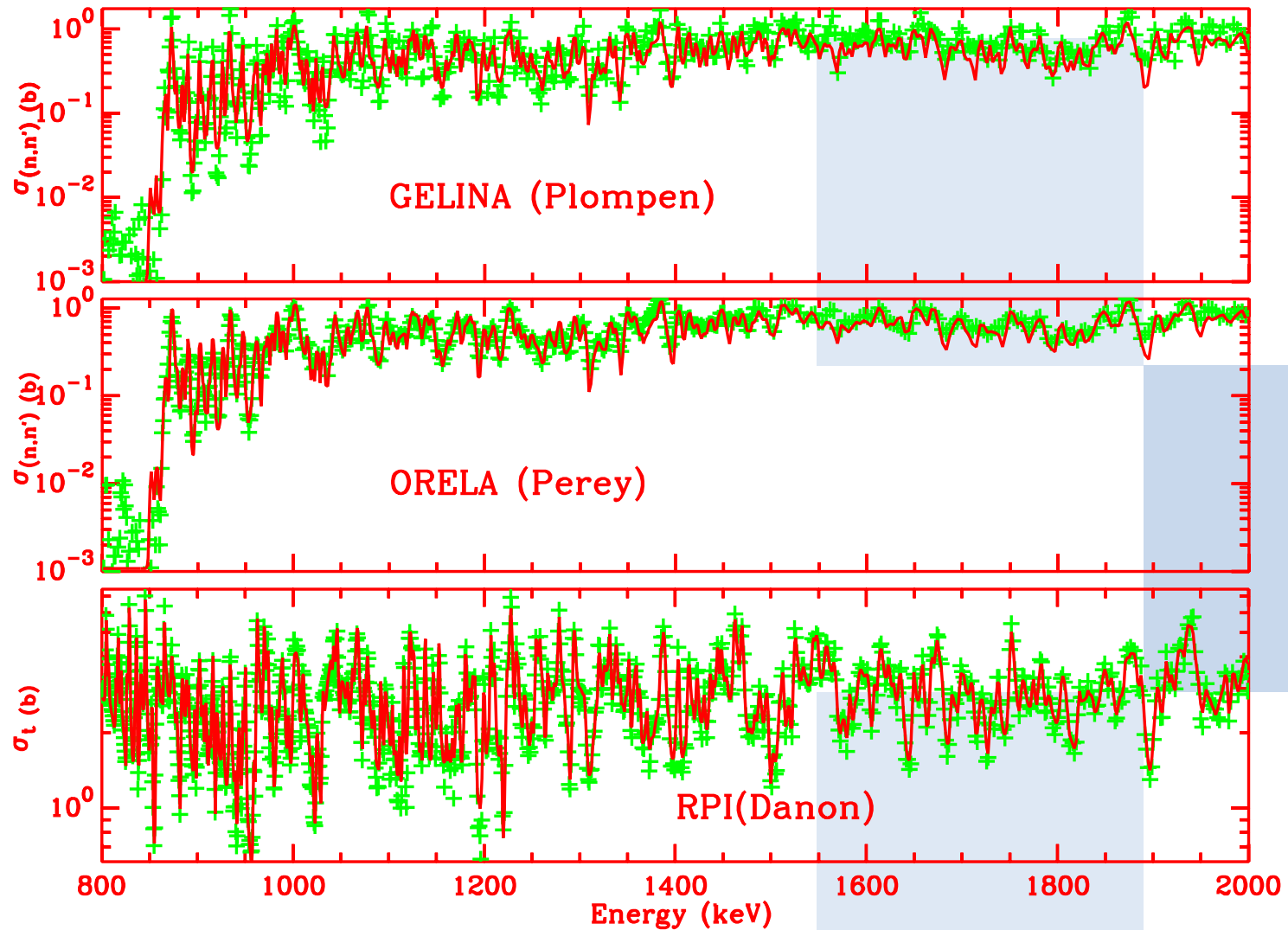
# Fitting of the $^{56}\text{Fe}$ capture cross-section data of Danon



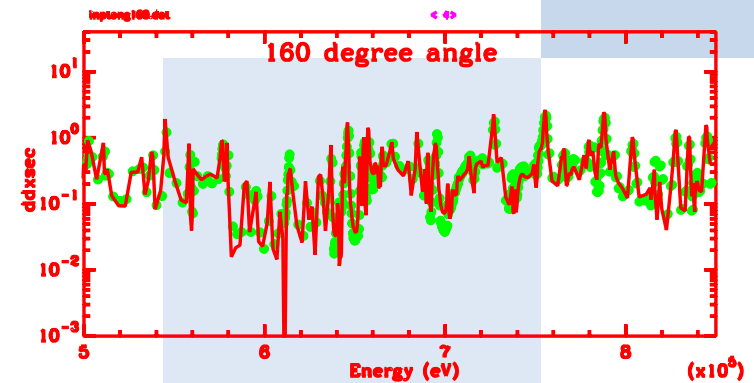
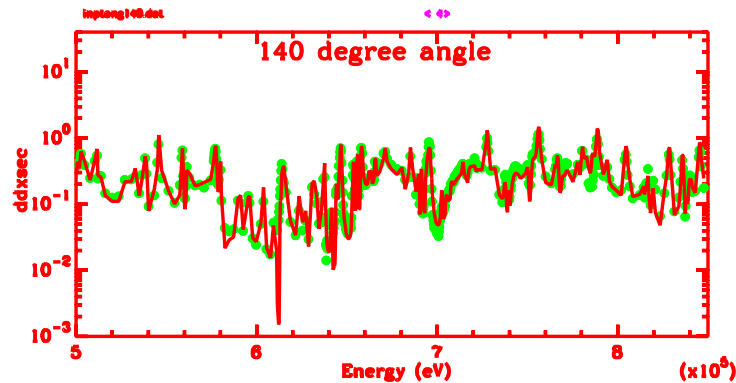
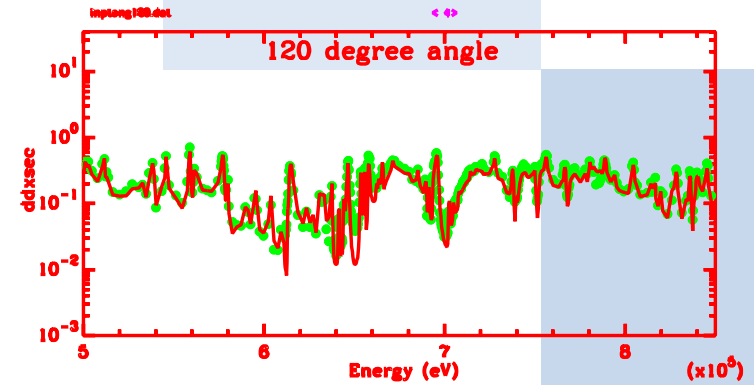
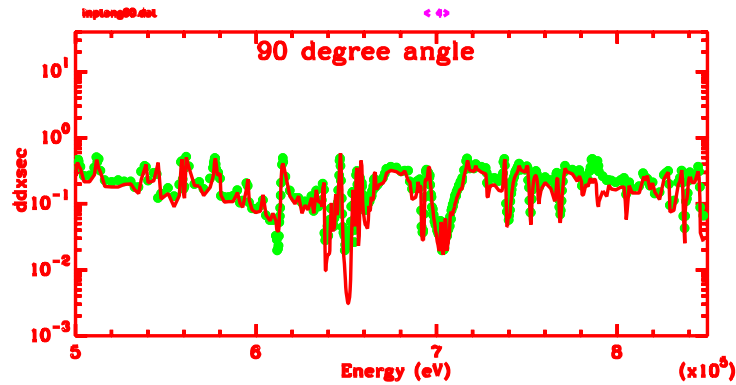
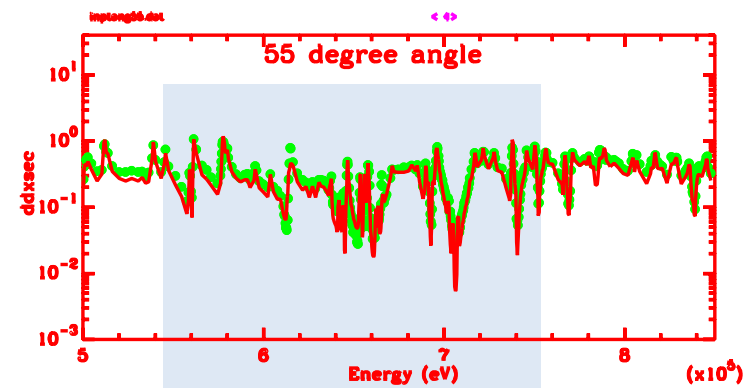
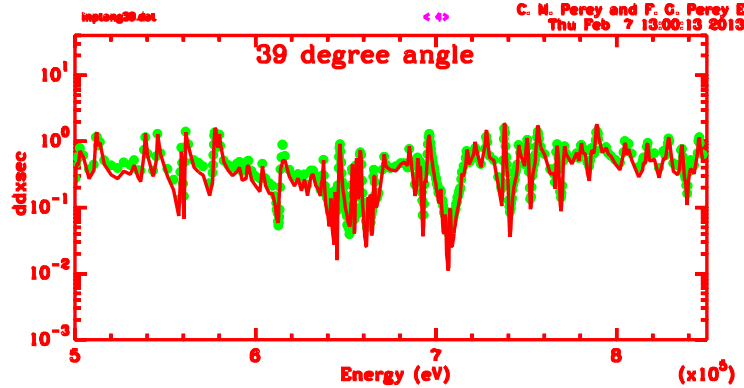
# Fitting of the $^{56}\text{Fe}$ capture cross-section data of Danon



# Comparison of SAMMY Fits for Total and Inelastic $^{56}\text{Fe}$ data

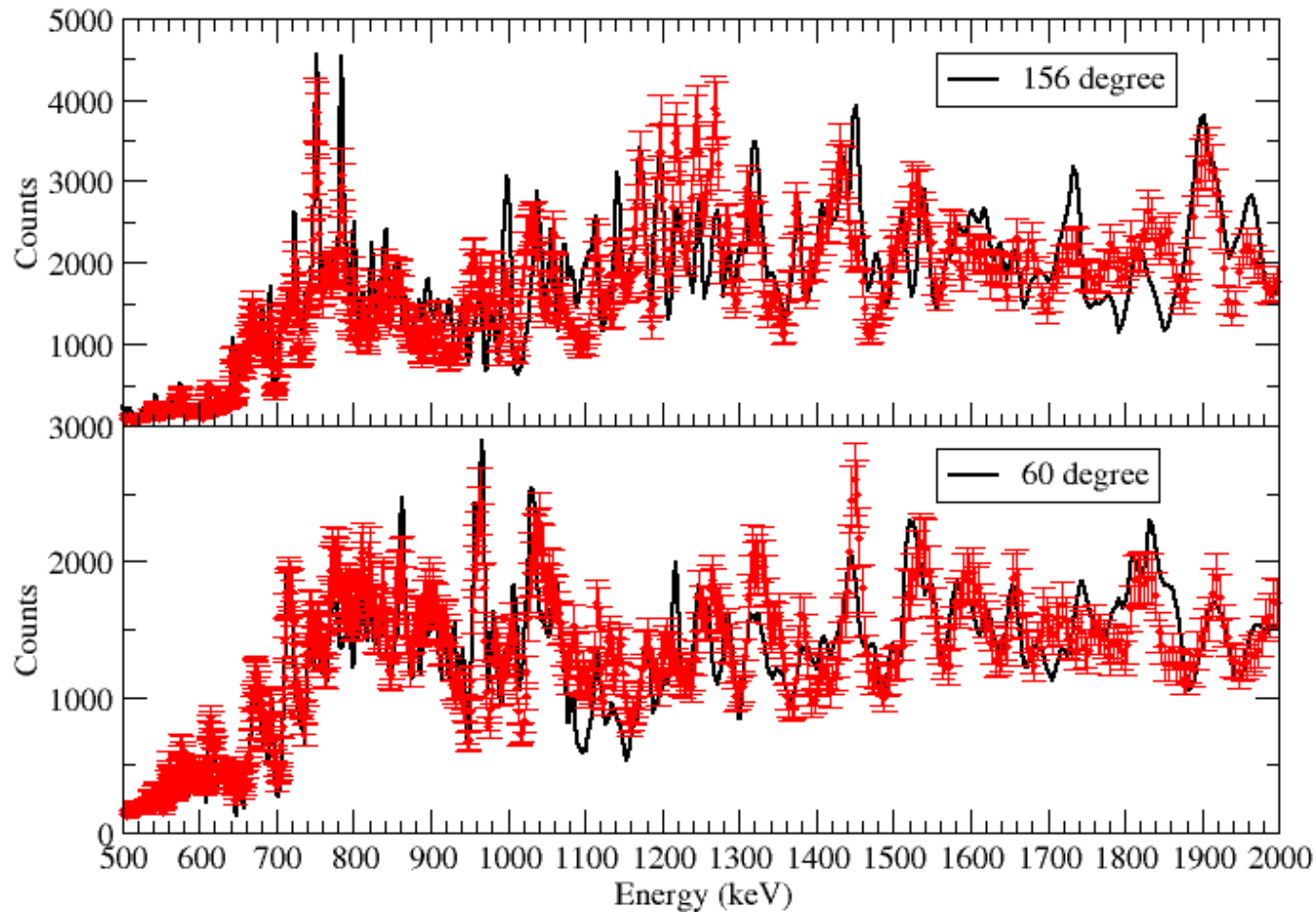


# Comparison of SAMMY Fits to Perey Differential Elastic $^{56}\text{Fe}$ data



# SAMMY calculations and RPI Experimental data

RPI Angular Data



Data (barns)	Mughabghab	JENDL4	JEFF3.1	ENDF/BVII.1	This Evaluation
$\sigma_t$	-	14.78	14.79	14.75	14.78
$\sigma_s$	$12.69 \pm 0.49$	12.19	12.21	12.16	12.19
$\sigma_\gamma$	$2.59 \pm 0.14$	2.59	2.58	2.59	2.59
$I_\gamma$	$(1.36 \pm 0.15)^*$	1.35	1.34	1.35	1.28

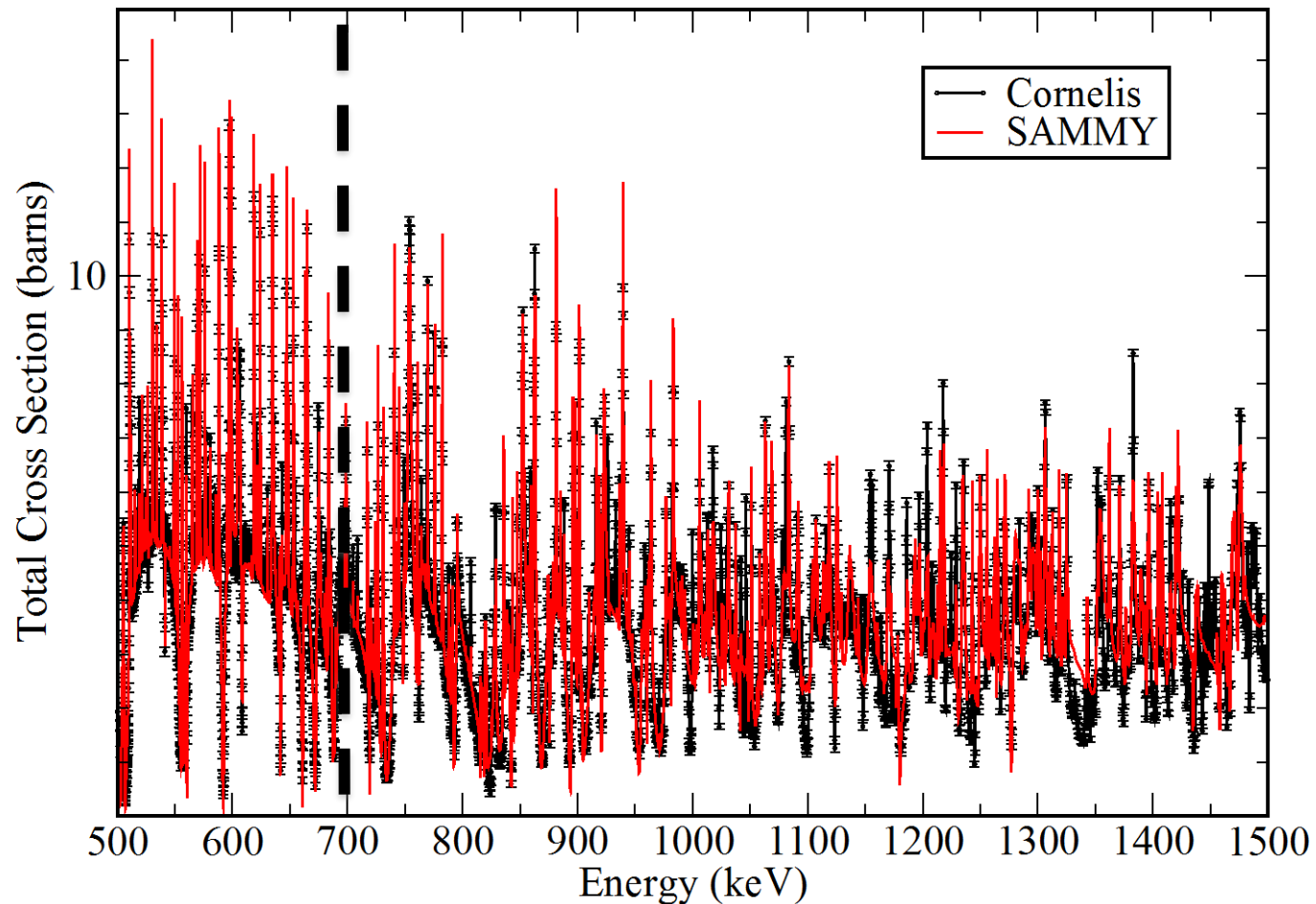
\*calculated

# $^{54}\text{Fe}$ Evaluation in the Resolved Resonance

- Natural Iron:  $^{56}\text{Fe}$ (91.75 %),  $^{54}\text{Fe}$ (5.85 %) and  $^{57}\text{Fe}$ (2.12 %);
- Resonance region in existing nuclear data libraries is  $10^{-5}$  eV to 700 keV;
- Transmission, capture data needed to extend the evaluation up to 2 MeV;
- DDX Scattering cross section needed;
- First inelastic channel opens 1.434 MeV;
- Inelastic cross section data needed;

# $^{54}\text{Fe}$ Evaluation in the Resolved Resonance

$^{54}\text{Fe}$



# Concluding Remarks

- ❑ Fitting so far seem acceptable;
- ❑ Some work are need to close on the evaluation effort;